

# Victorian Certificate of Education 2011

SUPERVISOR TO ATTACH PROCESSING LABEL HERE

	STUDENT NUMBER						Letter	
Figures								
Words								

## **ENGLISH LANGUAGE**

## Written examination

**Thursday 17 November 2011** 

Reading time: 3.00 pm to 3.15 pm (15 minutes) Writing time: 3.15 pm to 5.15 pm (2 hours)

## **QUESTION AND ANSWER BOOK**

#### Structure of book

Section	Number of questions	Number of questions to be answered	Number of marks
1	5	5	23
2	5	5	22
3	3	1	30
			Total 75

- Students are permitted to bring into the examination room: pens, pencils, highlighters, erasers, sharpeners and rulers.
- Students are NOT permitted to bring into the examination room: blank sheets of paper and/or white out liquid/tape, dictionaries.
- No calculator is allowed in this examination.

#### Materials supplied

• Question and answer book of 20 pages including a detachable insert for Sections 1 and 2 in the centrefold and **Assessment criteria** on page 20.

#### Instructions

- Detach the insert from the centre of this book during reading time.
- Write your **student number** in the space provided above on this page.
- All written responses must be in English.

Students are NOT permitted to bring mobile phones and/or any other unauthorised electronic devices into the examination room.

#### **SECTION 1 – Written text**

#### **Instructions for Section 1**

Refer to the insert from the centre of this book while answering this section. Section 1 requires answers to questions about a written text. Answer all questions in this section. In your response you are expected to demonstrate your ability to use relevant descriptive and metalinguistic tools. You are required to demonstrate familiarity with the topics of Unit 3 'Language in Society' and the topics of Unit 4 'Texts in their Australian Contexts'. Section 1 is worth 30% of the total marks.

## **Text 1 – Questions 1–5**

						2 r
Identify and ex	plain the effec	et of a metapho	or in this sectio	n of the text.	(lines 3–5)	2 r
Identify and exp	plain the effec	et of a metapho	or in this section	n of the text.	(lines 3–5)	2 r
Identify and exp	plain the effec	et of a metapho	or in this section	n of the text.	(lines 3–5)	2 r
Identify and exp	plain the effec	et of a metaph	or in this section	n of the text.	(lines 3–5)	2 r
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Identify and exp	plain the effec	et of a metapho	or in this section	n of the text.	(lines 3–5)	2 r
Identify and exp	plain the effec	et of a metapho	or in this section	n of the text.	(lines 3–5)	2 r
Identify and exp	plain the effec	et of a metapho	or in this section	n of the text.	(lines 3–5)	2 r

	type at the beginning of her article. (lines 3–5)
	2 marks
_	estion 2
Ide	ntify <b>two</b> examples of anaphoric reference in the text between lines 18 and 30 and explain the role of each
in c	reating cohesion.
	reating concion.
	reating concile.
	reating concion.
	reating conesion.

Question 3
Explain how cohesion is achieved between lines 6 and 14, referring to <b>two</b> different cohesive devices.
2
2 mari
Question 4  How do the leviced choices between lines 23 and 45 support the functions of the text? Provide examples
How do the lexical choices between lines 23 and 45 support the functions of the text? Provide examples support your answer.

Comment on the use of syntactic patterning throughout the text.				
	6 marks			

O marks

Total 23 marks

## **SECTION 2 – Spoken text**

#### **Instructions for Section 2**

Refer to the insert from the centre of this book while answering this section. Section 2 requires answers to questions about a transcript. Answer all questions in this section. In your response you are expected to demonstrate your ability to use relevant descriptive and metalinguistic tools. You are required to demonstrate familiarity with the topics of Unit 3 'Language in Society' and the topics of Unit 4 'Texts in their Australian Contexts'. Section 2 is worth 30% of the total marks.

## Text 2 – Questions 6–10

Question 6
Radio sports commentators are expected to describe live sports events as vividly and efficiently as possible.
Discuss how the choice of prosodic features and verb tense between lines 1 and 12 helps achieve this aim Provide examples.

## **Question 7**

Q	is the expert tennis	commentator. A	Analyse <b>two</b> of	the following	features of his	s commentary	between	lines
57	and 78.							
•	hedging							

- ellipsis
- fronting
- metaphor


$\sim$		
"	uestio	m X
` ,	1162110	,,,

What is the function of L and D's interactions in this discourse? How do the linguistic features and conversationa strategies in lines 13–26 reflect this?

$\sim$			_
"	uest	IAI	1 U
` ,			. ,

in lines 83–98.	actic features of Q		·	

Question 10
How do the turn-taking and the topic management in this transcript reflect the roles of the speakers?

Total 22 marks

#### **SECTION 3 – Essay**

#### **Instructions for Section 3**

Section 3 requires a sustained expository response. Answer **one** question in this section. In your response you are expected to demonstrate your ability to use relevant descriptive and metalinguistic tools. You are required to demonstrate familiarity with the topics of Unit 3 'Language in Society' and the topics of Unit 4 'Texts in their Australian Contexts'. In your response you **must** refer to the stimulus material provided. Section 3 is worth 40% of the total marks.

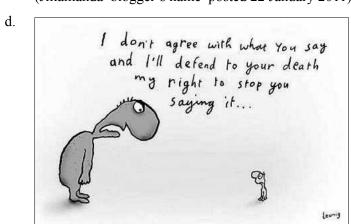
	Question 11	Tick the box next to the question you ar	re answering

a. What determines the degree of offensiveness is a set of social attitudes or conventions, and these can vary hugely from group to group and even between individuals of the same group . . . Word meanings and their associations vary continuously. We have to bear in mind the relationship between the speaker and the audience, the setting, and the subject matter; change any one factor and the language may also have to change.

(Kate Burridge, Gift of the Gob)

- b. The quickest way to relax an audience is to use the f-word. Everyone laughs. It's a way of saying: we're all grown-ups here. I'm real, just like you . . . Swearing together can be a way of asserting a cultural cohesion; and Australians are famous for our ability to meet and instantly insult each other as a way of breaking the ice.
  - (Kate Holden, *The Age*, 27 November 2010, *Colourful and cultured language you can swear by*)
- c. The world's crazy! No more Noddy and Big Ears, no more drunken sailor, no more kookaburras having a gay life, no more golliwogs. What sort of sick, perverted people see the offence in these innocent things? Once again, it's 'big brother' deciding that these things are no good for us and that we aren't smart enough to see them in the context intended. We had more freedom of speech fifty years ago than we have now much more.

(Jillamanda-blogger's name-posted 22 January 2011)



Michael Leunig cartoon

Is anything in language taboo these days? Refer to at least **two** subsystems in your response.

OR

Question 12 Tick the box next to the question you are answering.

a. Australia's multicultural policy embraces our shared values and cultural traditions. It also allows those who choose to call Australia home the right to practise and share in their cultural traditions and languages within the law and free from discrimination.

(Department of Immigration website)

b. Different languages and cultures are part of Australia's multicultural society and need to be incorporated in mutually beneficial ways. The cultures of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islanders are a rich and important part of this Australian heritage.

(Bullying: No Way website)

c. Two Australians can grow up side by side, go to the same schools, do the same job, but end up speaking English using different words, different grammar and with different accents.

(Convictoreations website)

d. Today there is a growing trend for Australian-born children of migrants from non-English speaking backgrounds to embrace their cultural heritage and express their niche identities by using new Australian Ethnocultural dialects. They contain features of Standard Australian English combined with some non-English language features.

(Macquarie University website)

OR

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Australian voices reflect our diverse culture.' Is this your understanding of contemporary Australian English? Refer to at least **two** subsystems in your response.

	Question 13 Tick the box next to the question you are answering.
a.	the blogosphere is saturated with people and opinions 'of such limited intellectual value as to be barely discernible from massive ignorance' when this ignorance is published by a major newspaper, or on a blog hosted by the paper, the danger is multiplied.  (Irfan Yusuf, <i>The Age</i> , 23 September 2010, <i>Reckless racial stereotyping by those who know little</i> )
b.	great speeches can make a difference by helping unite the world console its grief, save it from
υ.	evil, and just simply entertain us.
	(Dennis Glover, The Age, 28 November 2010, Power and Persuasion)
c.	You can't beat a handwritten letter because it means the sender made the extra effort Internet communication is brilliant but rue the day if ever the personal note goes into mothballs. (Lawrence Money, <i>The Age</i> , 17 January 2011)
d.	the fact remains that modern society makes available to its members two very different systems of communication, each of which has developed to fulfil a particular set of communicative needs, and now offers capabilities of expression denied to the other. Writing cannot substitute for speech, nor speech for writing, without serious disservice being done to each.  (David Crystal, <i>How Language Works</i> , Penguin, 2006)
0	(David Crystal, 110w Language works, 1 enguin, 2000)
e.	Due to copyright restriction, this material is not supplied.
	Wiley cartoon
	and the state of t

Spoken language or written language – which has greater influence in Australia today? Refer to at least two subsystems in your response.

Total 30 marks

Working space

Write the number of the question you are answering in the box.		

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2011 ENGLANG EXAM	18

#### Assessment criteria

The examination will address all of the criteria. All students will be examined against the following criteria

- 1. Understanding of the range of distinctive characteristics of different varieties of English used in Australia.
- 2. Identification of differing attitudes within the community to varieties of Australian English.
- 3. Analysis of the role of language variation in the development of a sense of identity.
- 4. Analysis of how situational factors influence linguistic variation.
- 5. Identification of the range, nature and functions of different kinds of written and spoken English.
- 6. Analysis of key stylistic features and differences in the nature of written and spoken English.
- 7. Use of appropriate metalanguage to describe and analyse linguistic usage.
- 8. Ability to write responses that are clearly organised, using effective, accurate and fluent language.

END OF QUESTION AND ANSWER BOOK



## **Insert for Sections 1 and 2**

Please remove from the centre of this book during reading time.

**SECTION 1: Written text – Questions 1–5** 

Text 1

Passenger etiquette: the rules of air travel

Sydney Morning Herald, 6 May 2010

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## **SECTION 2:** Spoken text – Questions 6–10

#### Text 2

The following is part of the commentary from 774 ABC Radio during the 2011 Australian Tennis Open in Melbourne in January. This match is between two women, the Italian player, Francesca Schiavone, and Caroline Wozniacki, a Danish player. The commentators are Lindy Burns (ABC local radio drivetime presenter), Quentin Hull (ABC 'Grandstand' sport presenter) and Daniela Di Toro (wheelchair tennis player and guest commentator). The following transcription symbols are used in the transcript.

<a a=""></a>	fast-paced utterance	?	questioning intonation
<l l=""></l>	slow-paced utterance	/	rising pitch
<p p=""></p>	soft voice	\	falling pitch
<f f=""></f>	loud voice		stress
<cre cre=""></cre>	crescendo, getting louder and faster	@@@	laughter
(.)	short pause	(H)	intake of breath
()	longer pause	=	lengthening of a sound
,	continuing intonation	[]	overlapping speech
	final intonation		

#### Glossary

backhand		
crosscourt		
drop	ways of hitting the ball with a racquet in tennis	
forehand	ways of intellig the ball with a facquet in tellins	
half volley		
sliced return		
five-two		
match point	scoring terms in the game of tennis	
deuce	scoring terms in the game of terms	
break point, game point		
touch	to hit the ball well and with accuracy	
wing	side	
rally	a continuous sequence of play	
to net	to hit the ball into the net	

Q = Quentin Hull L = Lindy Burns

11.

Q:

D = Daniela Di Toro

_		
1.	Q:	<a <="" angle="" backhand="" from="" italian="" td="" the=""></a>
2.		Wozniacki runs it down/ A>
3.		<cre <u="" schiavone="">pumps the forehand,</cre>
4.		Comes to net,
5.		Plays a half volley and, CRE>
6.	L:	[@@@]
7.	Q:	<f [it's="" a="" f="" winner]=""></f>
8.		<l[it's] ano="ther" francesca="" from="" l="" schiavone="" winner=""></l[it's]>
9.	D:	[Wow].
10.	L:	[@@@]

<L Great touch from the Italian/

```
12.
      Q:
            Three match points saved\ L>
13.
      L:
            Danni (.) did she do that on purpose?
14.
      D:
            [Oh,]
15.
      L:
            [That] little drop [there]?
16.
      D:
                              [Mainly] to give me a heart attack,
17.
      L:
            [a,a,a]
18.
      D:
            [And to] give everyone out there a heart attack.
19.
             But that's astounding (.)
20.
             Half volley, what wonderful touch.
             <A Remember A>, er, this is match points we're talking [about]
21.
22.
      L:
                                                                     [Yeah]
23.
      D:
            This isn't, you know,
24.
             a, a one all in the first set or something,
25.
             to come up with a shot like that,
26.
             when you are (.) just (.) at this stage of a match (H)
27.
      Q:
            (...) Five two and deuce/
28.
             Wozniacki has blown three chances to win this match/
29.
            Her first serve at deuce is in/(H)
30.
             <CRE And Schiavone gets the return back in play/ CRE> (H)
31.
             The Italian goes with the backhand/
32.
             And <F Wozniacki nets F>
             (crowd clapping and cheering)
33.
             (...) <L Schiavone's got a break point\ L>
34.
      D:
            The crowd really showing their appre[ciation],
35.
      L:
                                                  [Yes]
36.
      D:
            now in (.) in this last game.
             They love a fight.
37.
      L:
38.
            <F They want more/ F>
      D:
39.
      L:
            Mm, hm [a(a)a)
40.
                      [They] don't care [that Francesca's] tired,
      D:
41.
      L:
                                        [a(a)(a)(a)]
42.
      D:
            <F [They] want more/ F>
43.
      L:
                [@@@] <A It's only been two hours and twelve minutes A>
44.
      D:
            <F [Keep playing] F>
45.
      L:
            <A[She can go] another two ho=urs A>
46.
      D:
            (.) [@.@.@.]
47.
      L:
            [She's shown] that already.
48.
            (H) <P Game point for Schiavone P>
      O:
49.
            (.) Wozniacki serve
50.
            (.) Out to the backhand wing,
51.
             A sliced return that Wozniacki plays
52.
             (.) With good depth off the forehand,
53.
             <A And Schiavone overhits it A>
             (umpire's voice and crowd applause)
54.
             <P Back to deuce P>
             (crowd applause)
```

55.	L:	<p and="" creep="" every="" in,<="" just="" now="" see="" th="" that="" then="" tiredness="" you=""></p>
56.		<a a="" just-just=""> in terms of concentration P&gt;</a>
		(crowd noise)
57.	Q:	() And Schiavone's taking the <u>towel</u> at the back of the court,
58.		<a a="" just="" quick=""></a>
59.		(.) wipe down on her forehead.
60.		He=re's the first ball. It's in,
61.		A shortish return from Schiavone/
62.		(.) And both players elect to stay back/
63.		And again trade fierce backhands crosscourt,
64.		Great depth from Wozniacki,
65.		But on the back foot,
66.		Schiavone's able to get great top spin,
67.		and power on her forehand.
68.		Crosscourt they go/
69.		and now a bit more down the <u>middle</u> of the court,
70.		Schiavone with the backhand/
71.		Wozniacki's forehand\
72.		<a a="" about="" and="" baseline,<="" behind="" both="" half="" metre="" td="" the=""></a>
73.		in this trading of blows A>
74.		<f <="" approaching="" of="" p="" rally="" strokes="" the="" twenty=""></f>
75.		Great angle from Schiavone/ F>
76.		<pre><cre [finish="" can="" cre="" it]?="" she=""></cre></pre>
77.	L:	[Oh, wow]
	0.	
78.	Q:	<pre><f can="" f="" she="" yes=""></f></pre>
78.	Q:	<f can="" f="" she="" yes=""> (crowd cheering and clapping)</f>
		(crowd cheering and clapping)
79.	Q: Q:	<pre>(crowd cheering and clapping) <f ball,<="" got="" pre="" she="" short="" the=""></f></pre>
79. 80.		<pre>(crowd cheering and clapping) <f ball,="" came="" got="" net,<="" pre="" she="" short="" the="" to=""></f></pre>
79. 80. 81.		(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" got="" net,="" played="" she="" short="" td="" the="" to="" winner,<=""></f>
79. 80. 81. 82.	Q:	(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,=""></f>
79. 80. 81. 82.		(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,="">  It's so much, Danni, isn't it?</f>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83.	Q: L:	(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,="">  It's so much, Danni, isn't it?  About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move.</f>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84.	Q: L: D:	(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,="">  It's so much, Danni, isn't it?  About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move.  Yep, isn't it?</f>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85.	Q: L: D: L:	<pre>(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,=""> It's so much, Danni, isn't it? About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move. Yep, isn't it? [Yeah].</f></pre>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86.	Q: L: D: L: D:	(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,="">  It's so much, Danni, isn't it?  About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move.  Yep, isn't it?</f>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87.	Q: L: D: L: L: L:	(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,="">  It's so much, Danni, isn't it?  About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move.  Yep, isn't it?  [Yeah].  [And] having (.) um (.) some (.) you know (.) faith in (.) in that play,  Yeah.</f>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88.	Q: L: D: L: D:	(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,="">  It's so much, Danni, isn't it?  About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move.  Yep, isn't it?  [Yeah].  [And] having (.) um (.) some (.) you know (.) faith in (.) in that play,  Yeah.  And actually going for it and there's (.) you know (.) there's no risk,</f>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89.	Q: L: D: L: L: L:	(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,="">  It's so much, Danni, isn't it?  About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move.  Yep, isn't it?  [Yeah].  [And] having (.) um (.) some (.) you know (.) faith in (.) in that play,  Yeah.  And actually going for it and there's (.) you know (.) there's no risk,  When you're actually making the right call and,</f>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90.	Q: L: D: L: D: L: D:	<pre>(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,=""> It's so much, Danni, isn't it? About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move. Yep, isn't it? [Yeah]. [And] having (.) um (.) some (.) you know (.) faith in (.) in that play, Yeah. And actually going for it and there's (.) you know (.) there's no risk, When you're actually making the right call and, (.) putting all you got into that [ball]/</f></pre>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 90. 91.	Q: L: D: L: D: L: L: L:	(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,="">  It's so much, Danni, isn't it?  About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move.  Yep, isn't it?  [Yeah].  [And] having (.) um (.) some (.) you know (.) faith in (.) in that play,  Yeah.  And actually going for it and there's (.) you know (.) there's no risk,  When you're actually making the right call and,  (.) putting all you got into that [ball]/  [Yep] it [is].</f>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 90. 91. 92.	Q: L: D: L: D: L: D:	<pre>(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,=""> It's so much, Danni, isn't it? About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move. Yep, isn't it? [Yeah]. [And] having (.) um (.) some (.) you know (.) faith in (.) in that play, Yeah. And actually going for it and there's (.) you know (.) there's no risk, When you're actually making the right call and, (.) putting all you got into that [ball]/ [Yep] it [is]. [It's] interesting.</f></pre>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 90. 91. 92. 93.	Q: L: D: L: D: L: D:	<pre>(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,=""> It's so much, Danni, isn't it? About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move. Yep, isn't it? [Yeah]. [And] having (.) um (.) some (.) you know (.) faith in (.) in that play, Yeah. And actually going for it and there's (.) you know (.) there's no risk, When you're actually making the right call and, (.) putting all you got into that [ball]/</f></pre>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94.	<ul><li>Q:</li><li>L:</li><li>D:</li><li>L:</li><li>D:</li><li>L:</li><li>D:</li></ul>	<pre>(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,=""> It's so much, Danni, isn't it? About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move. Yep, isn't it? [Yeah]. [And] having (.) um (.) some (.) you know (.) faith in (.) in that play, Yeah. And actually going for it and there's (.) you know (.) there's no risk, When you're actually making the right call and, (.) putting all you got into that [ball]/</f></pre>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95.	<ul><li>Q:</li><li>L:</li><li>D:</li><li>L:</li><li>D:</li></ul> L:D:	<pre>(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,=""> It's so much, Danni, isn't it? About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move. Yep, isn't it? [Yeah]. [And] having (.) um (.) some (.) you know (.) faith in (.) in that play, Yeah. And actually going for it and there's (.) you know (.) there's no risk, When you're actually making the right call and, (.) putting all you got into that [ball]/</f></pre>
79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94.	<ul><li>Q:</li><li>L:</li><li>D:</li><li>L:</li><li>D:</li><li>L:</li><li>D:</li></ul>	<pre>(crowd cheering and clapping) <f a="" and="" another="" backhand="" ball,="" came="" f="" game="" gets="" got="" net,="" played="" point="" she="" short="" the="" to="" winner,=""> It's so much, Danni, isn't it? About picking (.) your time (.) to make the move. Yep, isn't it? [Yeah]. [And] having (.) um (.) some (.) you know (.) faith in (.) in that play, Yeah. And actually going for it and there's (.) you know (.) there's no risk, When you're actually making the right call and, (.) putting all you got into that [ball]/</f></pre>